

## Mesquite ISD Curriculum Sequence High School Social Studies - World Geography

1st Six Weeks	2nd Six Weeks	3rd Six Weeks
Students will examine and use physical and political maps of different regions of the world.	Students will identify and describe landforms and water systems in the United States.	Students will identify describe the landforms of Northern Europe.
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Students will describe population distributions.  Students will examine types of government.  Students will examine and explain economic systems.  Students will describe economic development.  Students will explain world trade.  Students will examine the challenges of urban growth.	Students will describe population patterns in South America.  Students will explain resources, human impact, and issues in South America.	Students will identify and explain economic activities in the region.  Students will analyze human impact in the region [nuclear technologies].



## Mesquite ISD Curriculum Sequence High School Social Studies - World History

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1st Six Weeks	2nd Six Weeks	3rd Six Weeks
Students will analyze the influence of human and physical geographic factors on major events in world history including the river valley civilizations. (16B)	Students will describe the major political, religious/philosophical, and cultural influences of Persia, India, China, Israel, Greece, and Rome, including the development of monotheism, Judaism, and Christianity. (3A)	Students will explain the development of Christianity as a unifying social and political factor in medieval Europe and the Byzantine Empire (4A)  Students will explain the political, economic, and
Students will identify the characteristics of a theocracy. (19B) Students will identify important changes in human	Students will describe the historical origins, central ideas, and spread of major religious and	social impact of Islam on Europe, Asia, and Africa. (4D)
life caused by the Neolithic Revolution (17A)  Students will describe the major political,	philosophical traditions, including Buddhism, Christianity, Confucianism, Hinduism, Islam, Judaism, Sikhism, and the development of	Students will explain how the Crusades, the Black Death, the Hundred Years' War, and the Great Schism contributed to the end of Medieval Europe.
religious/philosophical, and cultural influences of Persia, India, China, Israel, Greece, and Rome, including the development of monotheism, Judaism,	monotheism (23A)  Students will explain the development of	(4G) Students will will analyze how the Silk Road and hte
and Christianity. (3A)	democratic-republican government from its beginnings in the Judeo-Christian legal tradition and	AFrican gold-salt trade facilitated the spread of ideas and trade. (4J)
Students will identify the characteristics of the following political systems: theocracy, absolute monarchy, democracy, republic, oligarchy, limited	classical Greece and Rome through the English Civil War and the Enlightenment (20A)	Students will compare the major political, economic, social, and cultural developments of the Maya, Inca,
monarchy, and totalitarianism. (19B)  Students will explain the development of	Students will explain the development of Christianity as a unifying social and political factor in medieval Europe and the Byzantine Empire. (4A)	and Aztec civilizations and explain how prior civilizations influenced their development. (6A)
democratic-republican government from its beginnings in the Judeo-Christian legal tradition and classical Greece and Rome through the English	Students will summarize the major political, economic, and cultural developments in Tang and	Students will describe the historical origins, central ideas, and spread of major religions and philosophical traditions, including Buddhism,
Civil War and the Enlightenment (20A)  Students will describe the historical origins, central	Song China and their impact on Eastern Asia. (4H)  Students will analyze how the Silk Road and the	Christianity, Confucianism, Hinduism, Islam, Judaism, Sikhism, and the development of monotheism. (23A)
ideas, and spread of major religious and philosophical traditions, including Buddhism, Christianity, Confucianism, Hinduism, Islam,	African gold-salt trade facilitated the spread of ideas and trade (4J)	Students will explain the political, intellectual, artistic, economic, and religious impact of the
Judaism, Sikhism, and the development of monotheism (23A)	Students will summarize the changes resulting from the Mongol invasions of Russia, China, and the	Renaissance (5A)

Islamic world (4K)



#### Mesquite ISD Curriculum Sequence High School Social Studies - US History

1st Six Weeks 2nd Six Weeks 3rd Six Weeks

Students will analyze the causes and effects of changing demographic patterns resulting from western expansion.

Students will analyze economic issues such as industrialization, the growth of railroads, the growth of labor unions, farm issues, the cattle industry, the rise of entrepreneurship, free enterprise, and the pros and cons of big business. (3B)

Students will analyze social issues affecting women, minorities, children, immigrants, urbanization, the Social Gospel, and the philanthropy of industrialists. (3C)

Students will explain the effects of scientific discoveries and technological innovations such as electric power, the telephone, and steel production on the economic development of the United States. (27A)

Students will analyze the growth of political machines, civil service reform, and the beginnings of Populism. (3A)

Students will analyze the causes and effects of changing demographic patterns resulting from legal and illegal immigration to the United States. (13B)

Students will analyze social issues affecting women, minorities, children, immigrants, urbanization, the Social Gospel, and the philanthropy of industrialists. (3C)

Students will analyze causes and effects of immigration, Social Darwinism, eugenics, race relations and nativism. (6A)

Students will evaluate the impact of Progressive Era reforms, including initiative, referendum, recall, and the passage of the 16th, 17th, 18th, and 19th amendments. (5A)

Students will describe the changing relationship between federal government and private business including the costs and benefits of laissez faire, anti-trust acts, and the Interstate Commerce Act. (15B)

Students will analyze the effects of the Supreme Court case Plessy v. Ferguson. (21A)

Students will explain actions taken by people to expand economic opportunities and political rights, including those for racial, ethnic, and religious minorities as well as women in society. (26A)

Students will explain why the Spanish American War, U.S. expansionism, Henry Cabot Lodge, Alfred Thayer Mahan, Theodore Roosevelt, and Sanford B. Dole moved the United States into a position of power. (4A)

Students will identify the causes of World War I and reasons for U.S. entry. (4C)

Students will analyze major issues such as isolationism and neutrality raised by U.S. involvement in World War I. Woodrow Wilson's 14 Points, and the Treaty of Versailles. (4F)

Students will describe the economic effects of World War I. (15D)

Students will analyze causes and effects of social issues such as the Red Scare (6A)

Students will evaluate the impact of Progressive Era reforms including the passage of the 18th and 19th amendments (5A)

Students will analyze the causes and effects of the Great Migration. (13A)

Students will describe the positive and negative impacts of the Harlem Renaissance. (25B)

Students will understand the impact of technological and management innovations and their applications in the workplace and the resulting productivity enhancements for business and labor such as assembly line manufacturing. (27C)

Students will identify the causes of the Great Depression, including the impact of tariffs on world trade, stock market speculation, bank failures, and the monetary policy of the Federal Reserve system. (16B)

Students will analyze the effects of the Great Depression on the U.S. economy and society such as widespread unemployment and deportation and repatriation of people of European and Mexican heritage and others. (16C)

Students will analyze the impact of physical and human geographic factors on the Dust Bowl. (12A)

Students will identify reasons for U.S. involvement in World War II, including Italian, German, and Japanese dictatorships and their aggression, especially the attack on Pearl Harbor (7A)



# Mesquite ISD Curriculum Sequence High School Social Studies - Economics

1st Six Weeks	2nd Six Weeks	3rd Six Weeks
The student understands the concepts of scarcity and opportunity costs (1)	The student understands the interaction of supply, demand, and price (2)	The student understands the reasons for international trade and its importance to the United States and global economy (3)
The student understands the interaction of supply, demand, and price (2)	The student understands free enterprise, socialist, and communist economic systems (5)	The student understands the issues of free trade and the effects of trade barriers (4)
The student understands the reasons for international trade and its importance to the United States and global economy (3)	The student understands the basic characteristics and benefits of a free enterprise system (6)	The student understands the economic impact of fiscal policy decisions at the local, state, and
The student understands free enterprise, socialist, and communist economic systems (5)	The student understands the right to own, use, and dispose of private property (7)  The student understands types of market structures	national levels (15)  The student understands the various methods available to pay for college and other
The student understands the basic characteristics and benefits of a free enterprise system (6)	The student understands types of market structures (9)  The student understands key economic	postsecondary education and training (21)  The student understands the role of financial
The student understands the circular-flow model of the economy (8)	measurements (10)  The student understands key components of	markets institutions in saving, borrowing, and capital formation (17)
The student understands types of market structures (9)	economic growth (11)  The student understands the role that the	The student understands the role of individuals in financial markets (18)
The student understands key economic measurements (10)	government plays in the U.S. free enterprise system (14)	The student applies critical thinking skills to analyze the costs and benefits of personal financial decisions (19)
The student understands the role that the government plays in the free enterprise system (14)	The student understands the economic impact of fiscal policy decisions at the local, state, and national levels (15)	The student understands how to provide for basic needs while living within a budget (20)
	The student applies critical thinking skills to organize and use information acquired from a variety of valid sources, including electronic technology (22)	



## Mesquite ISD Curriculum Sequence High School Social Studies - Government

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1st Six Weeks	2nd Six Weeks	3rd Six Weeks
(1) The student understands how constitutional government, as developed in America and expressed in the Declaration of Independence, the Articles of Confederation, and the U.S. Constitution, has been	(2) History. The student understands the roles played by individuals, political parties, interest groups, and the media in the U.S. political system, past and present.	(2) History. The student understands the roles played by individuals, political parties, interest groups, and the media in the U.S. political system, past and present.
influenced by ideas, people, and historical documents.  (5) Economics. The student understands the roles played	(5) Economics. The student understands the roles played by local, state, and national governments in both the public and private sectors of the U.S. free	(3) Geography. The student understands how geography can influence U.S. political divisions and policies.
by local, state, and national governments in both the public and private sectors of the U.S. free enterprise	enterprise system.	(4) Geography. The student understands why certain
system.	(6) Economics. The student understands the relationship between U.S. government policies and the	places or regions are important to the United States.
(7) Government. The student understands the American beliefs and principles reflected in the U.S. Constitution	economy.	(7) Government. The student understands the American beliefs and principles reflected in the U.S. Constitution
and why these are significant.  (8) Government. The student understands the structure	<ul><li>(7) Government. The student understands the American beliefs and principles reflected in the U.S. Constitution and why these are significant.</li></ul>	<ul><li>and why these are significant.</li><li>(8) Government. The student understands the structure</li></ul>
and functions of the government created by the U.S.  Constitution.	(8) Government. The student understands the	and functions of the government created by the U.S. Constitution.
(9) Government. The student understands the concept of federalism.	structure and functions of the government created by the U.S. Constitution.	(11) Government. The student understands the role of political parties in the U.S. system of government.
(12) Government. The student understands the	(13) Citizenship. The student understands rights guaranteed by the U.S. Constitution.	(14) Citizenship. The student understands the
similarities and differences that exist among the U.S. system of government and other political systems.	15) Citizenship. The student understands the	difference between personal and civic responsibilities.
(13) Citizenship. The student understands rights guaranteed by the U.S. Constitution.	importance of voluntary individual participation in the U.S. constitutional republic.	(15) Citizenship. The student understands the importance of voluntary individual participation in the U.S. constitutional republic.
(20) Social studies skills. The student applies critical-thinking skills to organize and use information acquired from a variety of valid sources, including	(20) Social studies skills. The student applies critical-thinking skills to organize and use information acquired from a variety of valid sources, including electronic technology.	(16) Citizenship. The student understands the importance of the expression of different points of view in a constitutional republic.
electronic technology.	(21) Social studies skills. The student communicates in written, oral, and visual forms.	(19) Science, technology, and society. The student understands the impact of advances in science and

technology on government and society.